18PEE22		DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING FOR POWER ELECTRONICS	L	Т	Р	С						
		•	3	0	0	3						
		bjectives:										
To understand the need for filter, its design												
	2. To learn selection of sensor and transducers to power applications and choice of conditioning											
	To know different sampling techniques in AD converters											
4. To learn Digital filters and its design												
5. To understand and learn different parameter measurements												
11 14		INTRODUCTION TO DIGITAL CIONAL PROGRAMMA		•		_						
Unit		INTRODUCTION TO DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING		9	<u>+</u>	0						
		erters – Quantization Errors – Sampling – Sample and Hold Circuit – Sampling Theo	rem -	– Alia	sın	g –						
Antı-	Aliasii	ng Filter and its Design - Total Harmonic Distortion										
		INCTRUMENTATION AND CONTROL INTERFACES		•								
Unit		INSTRUMENTATION AND CONTROL INTERFACES		9	+							
		uisition – Sensors and Transducers – Electronic Interface – Signal Conditioning C	rcuit	s – (irci	Jits						
base	ed on (Operational Amplifier – Galvanic isolation										
11:4		ANALOG CIONAL DICODETIZATION		•		_						
Unit		ANALOG SIGNAL DISCRETIZATION		9	+	0						
Sam	ipiing -	Sequential – Simultaneous – Errors in Sampling – A/D Converters suitable for Powe	rEle	ctroni	CS							
Unit	11/	SIGNAL FILTRATION AND SEPARATION		9	+	0						
		and Integral Value calculation - Digital Filters – Moving Average Filter - FIR – IIR – I)ooio			-						
			Jesig	11 01	IIILE	15 -						
πηρι	ement	auon										
Unit	· V	PARAMETER MEASUREMENTS		9	_	0						
		s – Measurement of Voltage and Current – Average – True RMS – Power – Avera	70	_	ron	_						
		ctor – Reverse Power Flow – Energy – Fundamental Component identification – T										
		Component identification	יום כ	vaju	atioi	•						
OUG	401100	Component Identinoation										
		Total (L	+T)=	45 P	eric	ods						
Cou	rse O	utcomes:	-,									
Upo.	n com	pletion of this course, the students will be able to:										
CO1	' <i>:</i>	Understand errors in quantization and select appropriate anti-aliasing filter										
CO2	? ;	Select and Design the suitable circuit for data acquisition										
CO3	3 :	Select the correct AD converter and sampling technique										
CO4	1 :	Choose and design appropriate software filter										
COS	5 :	Understand and implement measurement and processing for control application and	d dev	elop,								
		implement algorithms for parameter measurement		•								
Refe	erence	Books:										
1. Krzysztof Sozański, "Digital Signal Processing in Power Electronics ControlCircuits", 2 nd Edition, S												
	2017			, ,		•						
2.	Oppenheim, A.V., Schafer, R.W. and Buck, J.R., Discrete-Time Signals Processing, 2 nd Edition, Prentice											
		Hall, Englewood Cliffs, 1999.										
3.		age, J., Smith, B.C., Watson, N.R. and Wood, A.R., Power System Harmonic Analys	is, Jo	hn V	√ile	y &						
	Sons	, -			•							
4.		Bhide S.R., "Digital Power System Protection", Prentice Hall India, 2014										
5.		Destro, R., Matakas, L., Komatsu, W. and Ama, N.R.N., "Implementation aspects of adaptive window										
	moving average filter applied to PLLs—comparative study", in Brazilian Power Electronics Conference											
	(COE	BEP), Gramado, IEEE, pp. 730–736, 2013.										

РО	CO Statement	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	РО	PO9	PO1	PO1
co									8		0	1
CO1	Understand errors in quantization and select appropriate anti-aliasing filter	1	1	1	1	2						1
CO2	Select and Design the suitable circuit for data acquisition	1	1	1	1	1			1			1
CO3	Select the correct AD converter and sampling technique	1	1	2	2	1			1			1
CO4	Choose and design appropriate software filter	1	2	1	1	1			1			1
CO5	Understand and implement measurement and processing for control application and develop, implement algorithms for parameter measurement	1	1	1	1	1			1			1