22EEHO106	COMPUTER RELAYING AND WIDE A MEASUREMENT SYSTEMS	SEMESTER				
PREREQUISTI	PEC	Cre	3			
Darran Cristana Du	L	Т	Р	TH		
Power System Pr	3	0	0	3		
Course Objectiv	ves:					
To understand di	fferent techniques of digital relaying - their construction	ns, working prir	nciples, a	pplic	ation	s and
	with introduction to Wide Area Measurement System a					
UNIT I	9	0	0	9		
Computer relay a	architecture - analog-to-digital converters - anti-aliasing	g filters - expect	ed benef	fits of	com	puter
relaying						
				-		
UNIT II	RELAYING PRACTICES		9	0	0	9
	RELAYING PRACTICES protection systems, function of protection system, protection	ection of transmi	-	v	v	-
Introduction to p			ission lir	res, o	vercu	ırrent
Introduction to p	protection systems, function of protection system, protection al relays, distance relays, pilot relaying, transformer p		ission lir	res, o	vercu	ırrent
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Text Books:								
1.	Arun G. Phadke, James S. Thorp, Computer Relaying for Power Systems, Wiley, Second Edition, 2009.							
2.	Allan Thomas Johns, S.K. Salman, Digital Protection for Power Systems, The Institution of Engineering and Technology, Second Edition, 1995.							
Reference Books:								
1.	A.G. Phadke, J.S. Thorp, Synchronized Phasor Measurements and Their Applications, Springer							
2.	Walter A. Elmore, 'Protective Relaying: Theory and Applications, CRC Press							

Course Outo	Bloom's Taxonomy Mapped		
CO1	:	Understand on protection system schemes, its co-ordination and settings for any general power network.	L2: Understanding
CO2	:	L2: Understanding	
CO3	:	Analyze the concept synchro-phasor based power system relaying	L4: Analysing
CO4	:	Assess the algorithms and its importance	L3: Applying
CO5	:	Recall the power system monitoring using wide area measurement system	L1: Remembering

COURSE ARTICULATION MATRIX

COs/ POs	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5	PO 6	PO 7	PO 8	PO 9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PS O1	PS O2	PS O3
CO1	3	3	2	2	2	1	1					1	3	1	1
CO2	1	3	2	2	2	1	1					1	2	1	1
CO3	1	3	3	3	3	1	1					1	3	2	1
CO4	3	3	3	3	3	2	1					1	3	2	1
CO5	1	1	3	2	2	2	1					1	2	2	1
Avg	1.8	2.6	2.6	2.4	2.4	1.4	1	0	0	0	0	1	2.4	1.6	1
3/2/1-indicates strength of correlation (3- High, 2-Medium, 1- Low)															